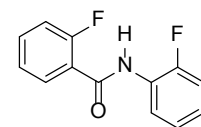


## $^{14}\text{N}$ decoupled $^1\text{H}$ - $^{19}\text{F}$ HOESY with ROYALPROBE™ HFX

Product used : Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR)

Fluorine and nitrogen containing organic compounds are often found in a variety of fields such as pharmaceutical and material sciences. Such compounds show unique properties based on their conformations and orientations, which are often induced by hydrogen bonds between N-H and F atoms. Therefore, analysis of molecular conformations and inter-molecular interactions are important. Here, we report  $^{14}\text{N}$  decoupled  $^1\text{H}$ - $^{19}\text{F}$  HOESY (hetero nuclear NOE) for fluorinated benzanilide (1) as a demonstration.



fluorinated benzanilide (1)

### Measurements of $^{14}\text{N}$ decoupling $^1\text{H}$ - $^{19}\text{F}$ HOESY

It often happens that  $^1\text{H}$  NMR analysis is prevented with the severe line broadening of  $^1\text{H}$  signal that is bound to  $^{14}\text{N}$  atom. In such a case, the  $^{14}\text{N}$  decoupling technique is useful.  $^1\text{H}$ - $^{19}\text{F}$  1D-HOESY spectra *with* and *without*  $^{14}\text{N}$  decoupling are shown in Fig.1. Selective excitation was done at F5 (Fig.1: upper) and F6 (Fig.1: bottom), respectively. The amide  $^1\text{H}$  signal intensity in 1D-HOESY is increased by twice, compared to that measured without  $^{14}\text{N}$  decoupling. Since NOE measurements have generally difficulty in low sensitivity, the  $^{14}\text{N}$  decoupling technique is useful for observation of cross peaks with  $^1\text{H}$ - $^{14}\text{N}$  signals. 2D-HOESY with  $^{14}\text{N}$  decoupling measurement is also available (Fig.2).

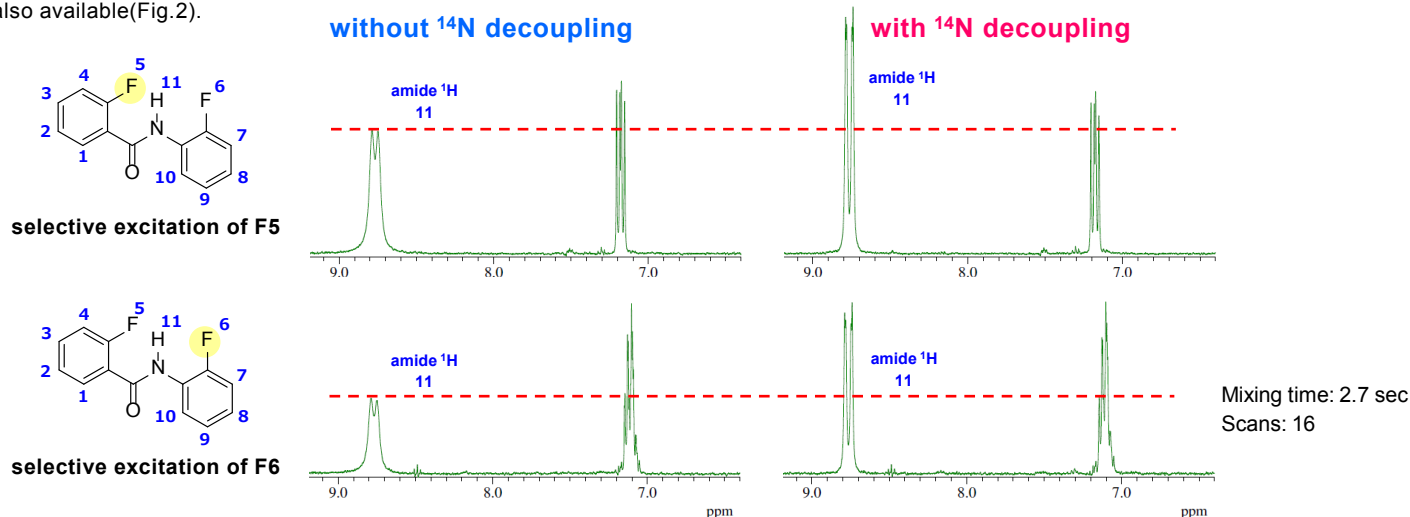


Fig.1 Comparison of amide  $^1\text{H}$  signal intensities in 1D-HOESY spectra *with* or *without*  $^{14}\text{N}$  decoupling (upper: selective excitation at F5; bottom: F6).

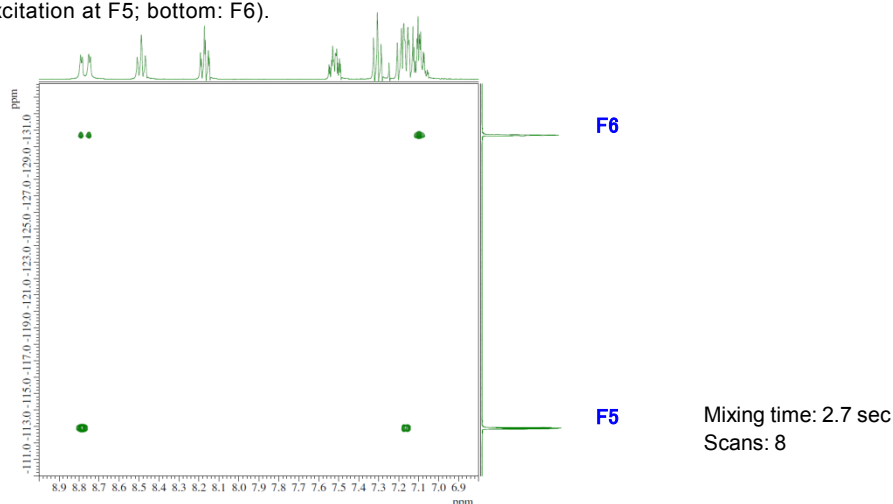


Fig.2 2D-HOESY spectrum of 1 under the  $^{14}\text{N}$  decoupling condition.

Sample: 36 mg fluorinated benzanilide in chloroform-*d*

Equipment: JNM-ECZ400S with ROYALPROBE™ HFX\*

\*Special modification for  $^{14}\text{N}$  nuclei required.

#### References

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 L. E. Combettes, P. Clausen-Thue, M. A. King, B. Odell, A. L. Thompson, V. Gouverneur, T. D. W. Claridge, *Chem. Eur. J.*, **18**, 13133–13141 (2012).

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